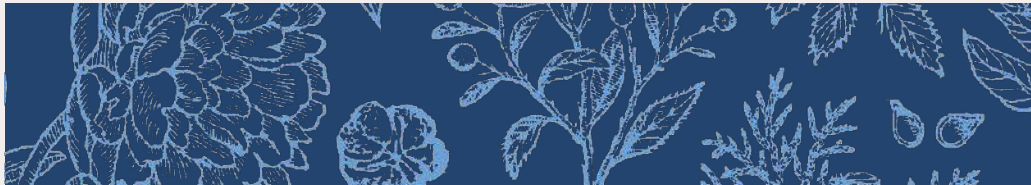


# National statistics on violence against women





# Figures of violence victims



# Domestic violence

73%

800.000



# Economic violence

627



# Sexual violence

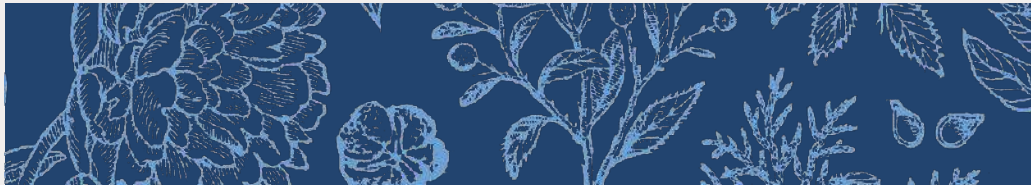
627

90%





# **The most vulnerable group of women subject to abuse**



**Men's violence against women can occur regardless of education level, income, ethnic or national origin, age or religion.**

However, there are some groups that are more exposed to violence, like women belonging to ethnic minorities, women with various types of disabilities, poor women or non-heterosexual women.

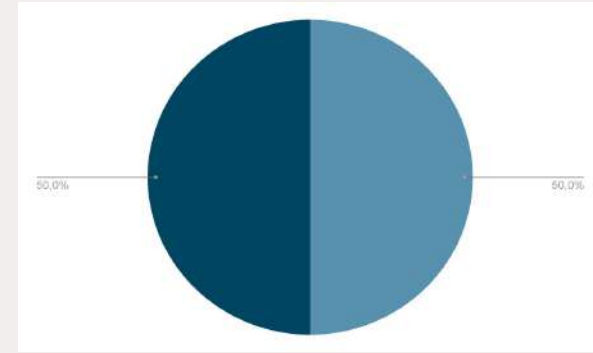
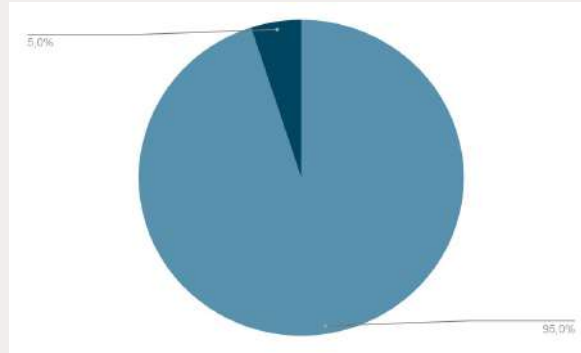
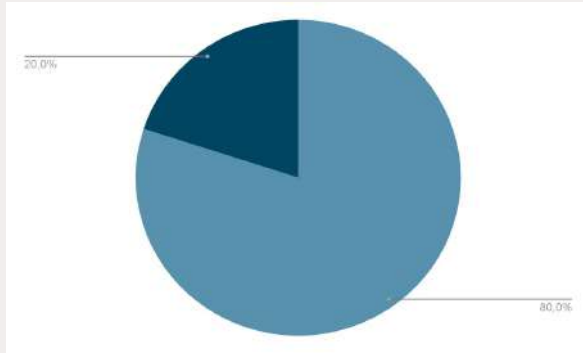


<https://tiny.pl/wczt7>

**disability** is still a taboo topic,  
or often forgotten,  
80% of disabled women have  
experienced violence

**95%** of domestic violence  
victims are women  
who have children

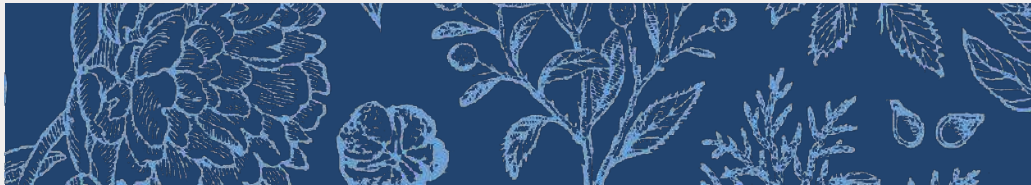
girls between age of  
**15-19** are over **50%** of  
sexual violence victims







# **Laws in force in Poland regarding the protection of female victims**



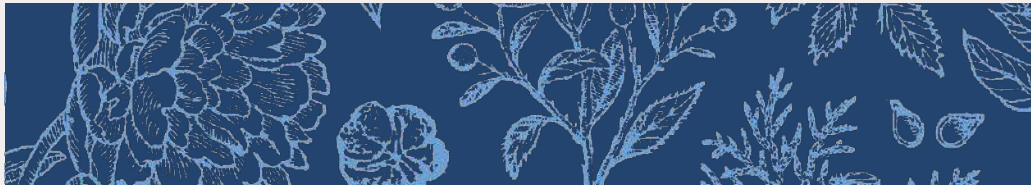


# ACT of April 30, 2020





# **Punishment for various types of abuses in Poland**



# Laws in Poland

In Poland, punishment for any kind of abuses are regulated by:

- The Penal Code
- Code of Criminal Procedure
- Laws issued by the European Union for example: Istanbul Convention



# Punishment for various types of abuses

## Sexual violence

Polish law doesn't define such terms as sexual harassment. Only some acts of sexual violence are punishable:

- ❖ Rape – from 2 to 12 years of imprisonment. If the victim was under the age of 15, the punishment can't be shorter than 3 years of imprisonment

## Domestic violence

- ❖ Bullying – from 3 months to 5 years of imprisonment for mental or physical bullying
- ❖ Threats – delinquent is obligated to pay a fine or is taken to prison for no more than 2 years
- ❖ Harassment – from 6 months to 8 years of imprisonment

## Economical violence

Polish law doesn't define such term. This kind of abuse is usually not considered as violence as there is no visible proofs





# **Activities in Poland preventing violence against women**



# Centrum praw kobiet

(women's rights center)

- Date of establishment: 1994
- Founder: Urszula Nowakowska





# Fundacja Autonomia

## (Foundation Autonomy)

- Date of establishment: 2007
- Founders: Monika Serkowska,  
Agata Teutsch



**AUTONOMIA.**  
FUNDACJA



# 16 days campaign

**16 Days**  
of Activism  
Against  
Gender-Based  
Violence  
Campaign

November 25 - December 10

**16**  
DAYS

[16dayscampaign.org](http://16dayscampaign.org)



**365**  
DAYS OF  
ACTIVISM

CENTER FOR  
WOMEN'S GLOBAL LEADERSHIP

**AWARENESS.  
ACTION.  
ACCOUNTABILITY.  
ALL YEAR ROUND.**

365 DAYS OF ACTIVISM AGAINST  
GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE.

**#NoMoreMissingRights**

**#RatifyILO190**





84% kobiet w Polsce doświadczyło molestowania w miejscach publicznych.\*

# STANDUP

Sprzeciw się molestowaniu  
w miejscach publicznych

L'ORÉAL  
PARIS

&

RIGHT  
TO  
BE



**REAGUJ ŚWIADOMIE**

Przejdź szkolenie na: [standup-polski.com](http://standup-polski.com)



\* Wyniki badania przeprowadzonego w ramach kampanii edukacyjnej i promocyjnej "Stand Up - Przeciw się molestowaniu w miejscach publicznych" w dniach 11-15 października 2017 r. w Warszawie, Krakowie i Łodzi. Wyniki 2017 r.

# STANDUP campaign

Oppose harassment in public  
places!

The background of the slide is a dense, repeating pattern of botanical illustrations in a light grey color. The illustrations include various types of flowers, leaves, and fruits, such as roses, peonies, and berries, rendered in a detailed, engraved style.

**Thanks for your attention**

Julia Gorajek, Karolina Gaura, Martyna Porszke, Maria Bernacka, Weronika Wersel, Zuzanna Śliwka